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EMERGENCY PHONE No"s

847-358-7400 (H-O-H BUSINESS Hrs.) 800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC - 24 Hrs.)

HMIS:

- 4 = EXTREME 3 = SEVERE
- 2 = MODERATE 1 = SLIGHT 0=INSIGNIFICANT



QUICKREFERENCE:

<u>DOT:</u>

HAZARD I ABFI ING



IN FIBER KEGS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT NAME	CHEMICAL FAMILY	DATE	Rev. No.	SUPERSEDES	EPA - TPQ	BY
IDENTIFICATION	BWT-280	BOILER WATER TREATMENT	1 - 1 - 11	10	7 - 5 - 08	NA	***************************************

HAZARDOUS	CHEMICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	CAS No.	PERCENT	OSHA PEL	ACGIH-TLV	OTHER
COMPONENTS	SODIUM HYDROXIDE	LYE, CAUSTIC SODA	1310 - 73 - 2	80	2 mg/m ³	2 mg/m ³	OSHA Cel. 2 mg/m³

COMMENT

- 1. NEVER ADD WATER TO THIS PRODUCT. IN MAKING DILUTIONS ALWAYS ADD PRODUCT SLOWLY TO WATER WITH VIGOROUS MIXING OR AGITATION.
- 2. THE PERMISSIBLE FEDERAL EXPOSURE STANDARD FOR PURE SODIUM HYDROXIDE IN AIR IS 2 mg/m³. NO CRITERIA HAS BEEN SET FOR WATER.
- 3. GRANULES OF THIS PRODUCT TEND TO STICK TO PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND GLOVES. WHEN REMOVING SUCH PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, BE CAREFUL NOT TO COME INTO CONTACT WITH RESIDUAL PRODUCT. ALWAYS WASH PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT THOROUGHLY AFTER EACH USE.
- 4. THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS SODIUM SULFITE (20%). DO NOT ALLOW THIS PRODUCT TO COME IN CONTACT WITH ACIDS. THE REACTION OF SODIUM SULFITE WITH ACID PRODUCES HAZARDOUS SULFUR DIOXIDE GAS.
- 5. THE D.O.T. SHIPPING DESCRIPTION FOR BWT-280 IS "CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS SODIUM HYDROXIDE), 8, UN1759, PG II".

PHYSICAL	BOILING POINT (Degrees Fahrenheit)	NA	SOLUBILITY (in water)	SOLUBLE	EVAPORATION RATE (water = 1.0)	NA
DATA	VAPOR PRESSURE		SPECIFIC GRAVITY	***	nll (49/ polistian)	12.8
	(in millimeters of Mercury)	NA	(water = 1.0)	NA	pH (1% solution)	12.0
	VAPOR DENSITY		PERCENT(%) VOLATILE			
	(air = 1.0)	NA	(by volume)	NA		
	APPEARANCE and ODOR	WHITE POWDER WITH SLIGHT ORGANIC ODOR.				

FIRE AND	FLASH POINT (Degrees Fahrenheit)	METHOD	FLAMMABLE	LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT		UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT
EXPLOSION	NONE	NA	LIMITS	NOT APPLICABLE		NOT APPLICABLE
	EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES		UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS	
	WATER		PROTECT OR	REMOVE FIBRE KEGS	:	SECONDARY REACTIONS
	THIS PRODUCT WILL NOT BURN OR DIRECTLY PROMOTE FIRE.		THIS PRODUCT IS PACKAGED IN FIBRE KEGS THAT MAY BE DAMAGED IN A FIRE. IF THIS PRODUCT IS RELEASED FROM A DAMAGED SHIPPING CONTAINER, REACTIONS MAY OCCUR WITH METALS, CERTAIN BUILDING MATERIALS, OR VARIOUS STORED MATERIALS. SODIUM HYDROXIDE REACTS STRONGLY WITH ALUMINUM PRODUCING FLAMMABLE HYDROGEN GAS. DO NOT ALLOW DRY SPILLED MATERIAL TO CON-		UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS THIS PROD- UCT WILL NOT SUPPORT COMBUSTION OR ACCELERATE A FIRE. IF CONTACT WITH BUILDING MATERIALS, OTHER CHEMICALS, OR LIVE ELECTRICAL SERVICES OCCURS DURING A FIRE, UNPREDICTABLE HEAT, HAZARDOUS GASES (SUCH AS SULFUR DIOXIDE), OR ELECTRICAL ARCS MAY BE PRODUCED.	

REACTIVITY DATA	STABILITY STABLE X UNSTABLE	CONDITIONS TO AVOID	NONE KNOWN	
	INCOMPATABILITY (Materials to Avoid)	METALS (SUCH AS ALUMINUM, TIN, AND ZINC), ACIDS, BROMINE AND CHLORINE RELEASE AGENTS, OXIDIZERS.		
	HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS		XIDE	
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION MAY		CONDITIONS	NONE KNOWN	
	WILL OCCUR WON'T OCCUR X			

SPECIAL STORAGE AND HANDLING OTHER **PRECAUTIONS** 1. PROTECT CONTAINERS AGAINST PHYSICAL DAMAGE. 1. NOT TO BE TAKEN INTERNALLY. 2. STORE IN A COOL, DARK, WELL-VENTILATED LOCATION AWAY FROM 2. NOT TO BE USED FOR OTHER THAN SPECIFIED PURPOSE. DIRECT SUNLIGHT AND OTHER SOURCES OF RADIANT HEAT. 3. KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN 3. KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE. NEVER MOVE AN OPEN OR LOOSELY CLOSED CHEMICAL CONTAINER. 4. **NEVER** MIX THIS MATERIAL WITH ANY OTHER CHEMICAL UNLESS AT THE SPECIFIC DIRECTION OF H-O-H PERSONNEL. 4 WEAR HAND AND FOOT PROTECTION WHEN MOVING HEAVY 5. TRIPLE RINSE EMPTY CONTAINERS BEFORE OFFERING FOR DIS-CONTAINERS. POSAL OR SALVAGE. **NEVER** REUSE EMPTY CONTAINERS. 5. STORE AT 60° F. OR HIGHER.

ACUTE HEALTH HAZARDS	CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
TISSUE BURNS	NONE
STRONGLY CORROSIVE TO ALL BODY TISSUES WITH WHICH IT COMES IN CONTACT.	BURNS CAN BE SLOW TO HEAL, BUT NO CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS ARE INVOLVED. FREQUENT EXPOSURE TO LEVELS MODERATELY IN EXCESS OF THE TLV MAY PRODUCE SYMPTOMS, BUT IF EXPOSURE IS ELIMINATED, SYMPTOMS SHOULD DISAPPEAR.

EFFECTS OF	SKIN AND EYES / TARGET ORGAN	INHALATION / TARGET ORGAN	INGESTION / TARGET ORGAN
EXPOSURE	BURNS CAUSES HIGHLY PAINFUL INSTANTANEOUS IRRITA- TION OF EYES AND EYELIDS. MAY CAUSE ULCERA- TION OR PERFORATION OF EYES OR EYELIDS, LOSS OF EYES OR EYESIGHT. CAUSES ULCERATION OF SKIN WITH SLIPPERY, SOAPY FEELING. IRREPARABLE DAMAGE POSSIBLE.	NON - VOLATILE / NON - DUSTING IF PRODUCT IS DRAWN INTO THE BREATHING TRACT, SEVERE IRRITATION OF RESPIRATORY TRACT, PULMONARY EDEMA, MAY OCCUR. NASAL, MUCOUS, AND BRONCHIAL TISSUE MAY BE BURNED AND / OR PERMANENTLY DAMAGED.	CAUSES ULCERATION, BLEEDING, AND SCARRING OF THE DIGESTIVE TRACT. SHOCK, CONVULSIONS, COMA, AND DEATH MAY RESULT DEPENDING ON THE AMOUNT INGESTED. COFFEE - GROUND - LIKE MATERIAL PRODUCED WITH VOMITING INDICATES DIGESTIVE BLEEDING.
CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED	DERMATITIS, BLISTERS, BURNS,OR ANY PRE- EXISTING SKIN IRRITATION IF CONTACT OCCURS.	IN NORMAL USE, NO EFFECT SHOULD BE NOTED SINCE NO VOLATILE COMPONENT IS PRESENT.	IN NORMAL USE, INGESTION SHOULD NOT OCCUR. INGESTION WILL PRODUCE IMMEDIATE TRAUMA.

EMERGENCY	SKIN AND EYES	INHALATION	INGESTION	
PROCEDURES	EYES	NON - VOLATILE	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING	
	FLUSH EYES WITH WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES HOLDING EYELIDS OPEN. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.	IF PRODUCT IS INHALED, REMOVE SUBJECT TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. GIVE OXYGEN BY PROPERLY TRAINED PERSONNEL IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT.	WITH 2 OR MORE GLASSES OF WATER OR	
	SKIN FLUSH WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. TREAT FOR BURNS. OBTAIN MEDICAL ADVICE. REMOVE	KEEP SUBJECT WARM AND AT REST. OBTAIN EMERGENCY MEDICAL ATTENTION. DO NOT LEAVE PERSON UNATTENDED. ENCOURAGE	AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. INDUCED VOMITING IS NOT RECOMMENDED	
	EXPOSED CLOTHING AND WASH WELL BEFORE REUSE. CONTINUE TO WASH WITH LUKE - WARM WATER UNTIL THE FEELING OF STICKINESS OR SOAPINESS DISAPPEARS, UP TO AN HOUR MAY	NOSE BLOWING, COUGHING, AND SPITTING - OUT.	DUE TO POSSIBLE BRONCHIAL OR PULMONARY INGESTION. EMERGENCY MEDICAL ATTENTION IS REQUIRED TO REMOVE ANY INGESTED CAUSTIC AND MINIMIZE INTERNAL BURNS AND TISSUE	
	BE NEEDED.		DAMAGE.	

CARCINOGEN	NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM (NTP)	I A R C MONOGRAPHS	OSHA REGULATED
LISTING	NO	NO	YES (SODIUM HYDROXIDE)

SPILL OR LEAK SPILLS AND RELEASES **PROCEDURES**

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS COLLECT ANY SPILLED MATERIAL AND RETURN TO SHIPPING CONTAINER IF CONSULT FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO NOT CONTAMINATED. IF CONCENTRATED SOLUTIONS ARE SPILLED, NOTIFY WASTE DISPOSAL. THE APPROPRIATE POLLUTION CONTROL (ESDA) AUTHORITIES IF LEAKAGE ENTERS A SEWER OR IN ANY OTHER WAY IS ESCAPING FROM THE PREMISES. COLLECT SPILLED SOLUTION INTO SUITABLE CONTAINERS FOR RECLAIM OR DISPOSAL.

CONTROL MEASURES	EYE PROTECTION	TIGHT-FITTING CHEMICAL GOGGLES AND FACE SHIELD.				
	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	NOT REQUIRED FOR ORDINARY USE. DURING EMERGENCY CONDITIONS OR IF A SERIOUS SPILL OCCURS, AN AIR PURIFING RESPIRATOR DESIGNED TO ABSORB ALKALINE VAPORS (AMMONIA, AMINES, ETC.) AND CHLORINE SHOULD BE USED.				
	OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	IMPERMEABLE CLOTHING. SAFETY SHOWERS AND EYEWASH FOUNTAINS SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN STORAGE AND HANDLING AREAS.				
	LOCAL EXHAUST	YES SPECIAL NOT REQUIRED FOR NORMAL USE.				
	MECHANICAL VENTILATION	NOT REQUIRED FOR NORMAL USE.	NOT REQUIRED FOR NORMAL USE.			
	PROTECTIVE GLOVES	NON - SLIP ELBOW LENGTH VINYL OR RUBBER GLOVES.	RUBBER OR VINYL APRON.			

REFERENCES

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- 1. Intestinal clinic values for Greinical substances and Physical Agents in the Work Environment, ACGTH, 1969.
 2. O.S.H.A. Safety and Health Standards: 29CFR 1900 to 1910, July 1, 1988.
 3. Fifth Annual Report on Carcinogens; U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, National Toxicology Program, 1989 (Summary).

- M. Sitig, Handbook of Toxic & Hazardous Chemicals, (Noyes Publications, Park Ridge, N. J., 1981).
 Community Right To Know Manual, (Thompson Publishing Group, Washington, D. C., 1990).
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 Toxic and Hazardous Industrial Chemicals Safety Manual (THE INTERNATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION INSTITUTE, 1975).

- 8. M. J. Lefevre, S. A. Conibear, First Aid Manual for Chemical Accidents, 2nd ed. (Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1989).
 9. Hazardous Materials Guide; Shipping, Materials Handling and Transportation (J. J. KELLER & ASSOCIATES, Inc., Neenah, Wisconsin, Dec. 1990)
 10. Hazard Communication Guide; Federal & State Right to Know Standards (J. J. KELLER & ASSOCIATES, Inc., Neenah, Wisconsin, Dec. 1990)

REPORTABL	E IF MORE THAN THE INDICATED QUANTITY IS DIS	IF MORE THAN THE INDICATED QUANTITY IS DISCHARGED TO DRAINAGE (Sewer/surface water), AIR, OR SOIL, IMMEDIATELY REPORT AS INDICATED.				
QUANTITY	CERCLA OR EPA (Extremely Hazardous) NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER (800 - 424 - 8802)	STATE EMERGENCY RELEASE NOTIFICATION ILLINOIS (Only) 800 - 782 - 7860 (Consult for others)	LOCAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE AUTHORITY Record Telephone No. of Local Response Authority			
WRITTEN REPO	1250 lbs. (Sodium Hydroxide)	CONTACT	CONTACT			